Does Prior Data Matter? Exploring Joint Training in the Context of Few-Shot Class-Incremental Learning

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Imb. Joint









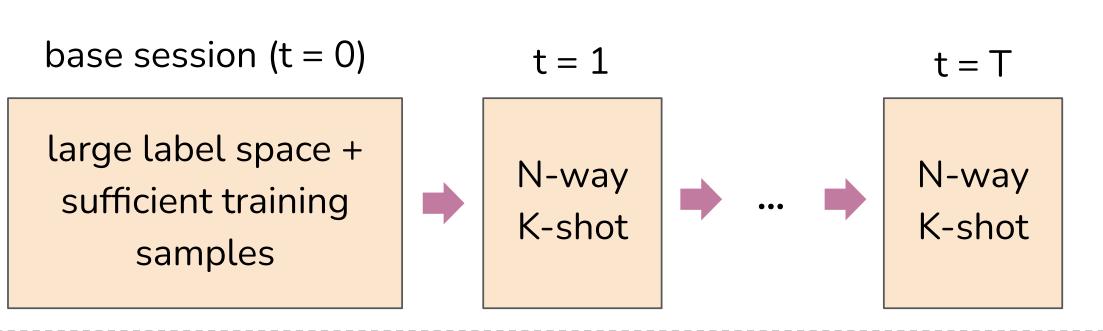


Background

Class-Incremental Learning (CIL)

Adapt to new classes over time + Maintain strong performance on all previously observed classes

Few-Shot Class-Incremental Learning (FSCIL) New classes emerge with only a few samples



Fundamental assumption in FSCIL: "Previously seen data are no longer accessible in the following incremental sessions"



However, in many real-world scenarios such as industrial deployments, previously collected datasets often remain available.

Motivation

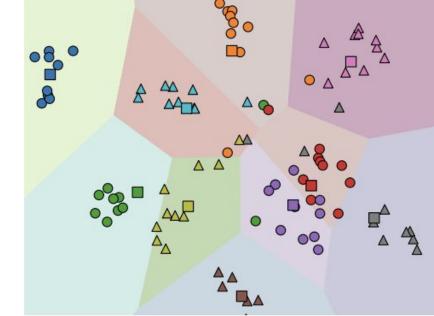
"If previous data is accessible, is it better to retrain a model using all data (i.e., joint training), or to update the model solely based on the newly introduced data (i.e., incremental learning)?"

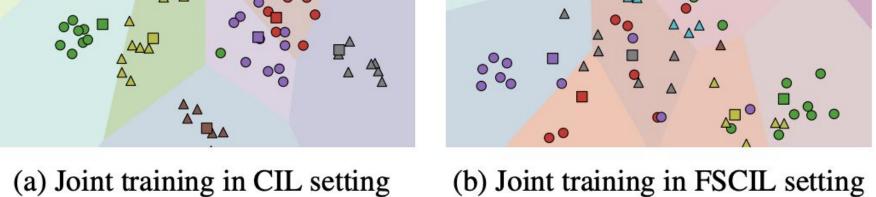
CIL

"When previous data is available, joint training maximizes performance, while CIL is suitable under time or resource constraints."

FSCIL

Joint training is less effective in FSCIL due to class imbalance. "It remains unclear whether retraining on the full dataset or incremental learning is preferable in FSCIL scenarios."





Feature space visualization. base classes: **dots**, incremental classes: **triangles**

Analysis of Imbalance-Aware Joint Training

Rethinking Joint Training in FSCIL

Imbalance-Aware Joint Training in FSCIL

1) Exploring imbalanced learning strategies

We explore three independent categories of

3 Resampling-based methods

1 Optimizer-based method

Combining CMO, Balanced Softmax, and

ImbSAM achieves the best performance.

training benchmark **improves** aAcc by

7%p and gAcc by 15%p over standard

4 Reweighting-based methods

imbalanced learning:

2) Ablation Study

joint training.

- 1) Resolving bias towards base classes
- Comparison of confusion matrices:

The new imbalance-aware joint

- (a) standard joint training in CIL
- (b) standard joint training in FSCIL
- (c) imbalance-aware joint training in FSCIL

(c) shows **fewer FPs for incremental classes** than (b), suggesting a more reliable (c)
benchmark for FSCIL.

BalancedSoftmax ImbSAM

Reweighting-based

2) Resemblance to joint training in CIL

- Centered Kernel Alignment (CKA) feature similarity vs. standard joint training in CIL:
- (a) Upper: imbalance-aware joint training
- (b) Lower: standard joint training

(a) exhibits brighter coloration than (b), indicating **stronger feature similarity** to standard joint training in CIL.

Imbalance-Aware Joint Training 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 - 0.72 2 - 3 - 0.70 3 - 4 - 5 - 0.68 7 - 8 - 0.66 7 - 8 - 0.64

Towards a Practical Guideline for FSCIL

Comparison of FSCIL and Joint Training

Joint training outperforms FSCIL

		aAcc S8				
Method	S8	Base	Inc.	aAcc	gAcc	
Std. Joint	48.1	78.8	1.9	61.1	46.9	
Imb. Joint	55.3	70.5	<u>32.5</u>	65.9	58.0	
CEC [55]	39.7	50.5	23.5	50.5	45.9	
FACT [60]	42.4	62.5	12.1	53.1	43.6	
TEEN [48]	41.7	63.7	8.8	52.6	42.4	
S3C [23]	41.3	47.4	32.1	48.4	45.5	
WaRP [25]	47.1	64.2	21.6	57.0	49.2	
SAVC [39]	54.7	76.5	22.2	65.8	55.6	
LIMIT [61]	49.7	68.9	21.1	60.4	51.2	
YourSelf [40]	48.5	56.0	37.3	58.7	54.6	

Results on CIFAR-100

→ FSCIL outperforms Joint training

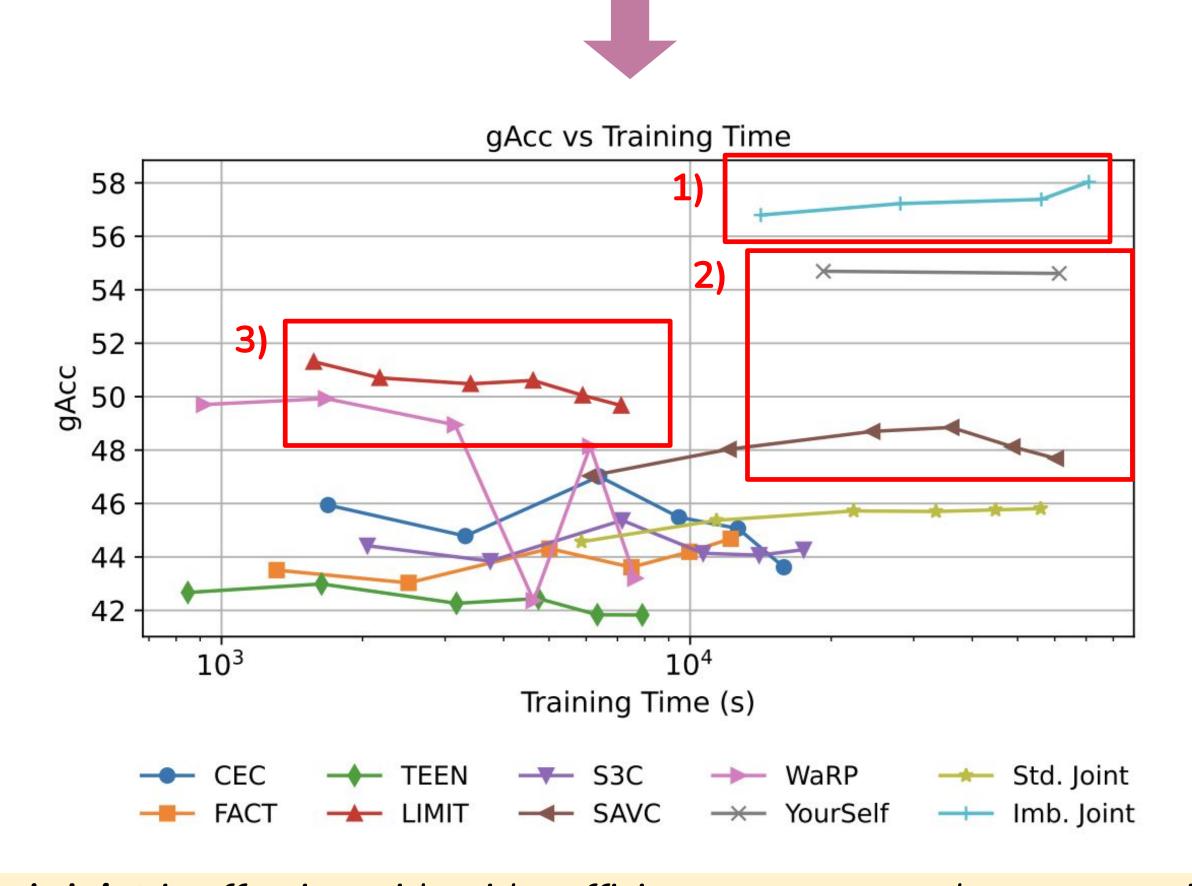
	aAcc S8					<i>aAcc</i> S10			
S8	Base	Inc.	aAcc	gAcc	S10	Base	Inc.	aAcc	gA
44.2	72.3	2.1	56.0	43.0	58.3	77.4	40.1	62.6	57.
51.7	66.7	<u>29.1</u>	<u>60.6</u>	<u>53.5</u>	<u>61.9</u>	73.2	<u>51.4</u>	<u>65.1</u>	<u>62.</u>
46.7	65.2	18.9	56.5	47.9	44.6	66.2	24.1	52.2	48.
44.1	66.8	9.9	54.9	44.4	55.2	73.0	38.1	61.0	57.
43.8	58.0	22.4	52.7	45.8	54.9	70.5	40.0	60.7	57.
40.7	51.4	24.9	47.7	42.3	49.9	54.5	44.1	52.7	52.
49.7	65.9	25.4	58.6	50.8	56.2	72.3	40.9	61.4	57.
54.1	76.2	21.1	65.3	55.6	59.9	75.1	45.4	64.3	60.
47.1	64.2	21.6	57.3	49.2	40.3	58.1	23.3	48.2	44.
49.4	60.9	32.2	58.2	52.6	62.5	73.4	52.3	66.4	64.

Results on *mini*ImageNet Results on CUB-200

"Contrary to expectations, imbalance-aware joint training does not always outperform FSCIL methods."

Resource-Aware Comparison

Under the standard training protocol, **performance trends over training time** suggest the following insights:



Imb.Joint is effective with with sufficient resources and access to prior data
 SAVC/Yourself performs well with sufficient resources but unavailable prior data
 LIMIT provides the best trade-off between efficiency and performance when both resources and prior data are limited

Contributions

- . **Develop a more reliable joint training benchmark** for comparison with FSCIL
 - Explore 8 imbalance learning techniques and identify/evaluate the optimal combination
 - Present this combination as a new imbalance-aware joint training benchmark for FSCIL
- II. **Provide practical insights and guidelines** for selecting suitable training strategies in FSCIL

Compare the new benchmark with FSCIL methods under varying resource constraints

• Reimplement and integrate all methods into a unified framework to ensure consistent comparision